

STANDARD
& POOR'S

S&P U.S. PREFERRED STOCK INDEX

INDEX METHODOLOGY

August 2009

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Introduction

The S&P U.S. Preferred Stock Index is designed to serve the investment community's need for an investable benchmark representing the U.S. preferred stock market.

Highlights

The index is comprised of U.S. traded preferred stocks that meet criteria relating to minimum size, liquidity, exchange listing and time to maturity.

The index is calculated with a modified capitalization weighted scheme, with modifications being made to index shares to prevent single stock concentration and improve index liquidity.

The index is rebalanced once a year, in September, when index shares and constituents are reviewed. Corporate actions such as maturity, conversion, calls and delistings are treated according to a set of rules further defined in this document.

Eligibility Criteria

Index Eligibility

The index is comprised of U.S. traded preferred stocks that meet criteria relating to size, liquidity, issuance type, exchange listing and time to maturity.

Eligibility Factors

Exchange Listing. Preferred stocks trading on the NYSE (including NYSE Arca and NYSE Amex), the NASDAQ Global Select Market, the NASDAQ Select Market or the NASDAQ Capital Market are eligible. Over-the-counter, bulletin board and unregistered (144[A]) securities are excluded.

Type of Issuance. Preferred stocks issued by a company to meet its capital or financing requirements are eligible. These include floating and fixed rate preferreds, cumulative and non-cumulative preferreds, preferred stocks with a callable or conversion feature, and trust preferreds. Some trust preferreds issued by a company to meet its capital requirements carry a brand name or moniker – these are included. However, structured products and brand name products issued by financial institutions that are packaged securities linked to indices, baskets of stocks or another company's stock are excluded. Special ventures such as toll roads or dam operators may issue preferred-like securities; these are also excluded.

Maturity or Conversion Schedule. Preferred stocks that do not have a mandatory conversion or scheduled maturity within the next 12 months are eligible.

Market Capitalization. Preferred stocks with market capitalization of more than US\$ 100 million are eligible.

Volume. Preferred stocks that have traded a minimum of 250,000 shares for each of the previous six months are eligible.

Indicated Yield. Preferred stocks for which Standard & Poor's cannot determine an indicated dividend yield are not eligible.

Different Lines of the Same Issuer. A maximum of three lines of a single company's preferred stock is permitted. Also, at least 15 trust preferred issuers are to be included in the index. In the event that fewer than 15 trust preferred issuers qualify based on the criteria above, the liquidity constraint is relaxed and the largest stocks are included until the count reaches 15.

On the rebalancing reference date, should an existing index member not be one of the three largest issues for the issuer, measured by market value outstanding, S&P reserves the right to use quantitative indicators to determine its continued membership.

Timing of Changes

Index rebalancings occur annually after the close of the fourth Friday in September. The reference date for additions and deletions is the last trading date of August.

Additions. Additions occur only at the annual rebalancings. There are no intra-year additions.

Deletions. A constituent is deleted intra-year if it is called or undergoes mandatory conversion. The annual rebalancing also results in deletions, if constituents no longer meet eligibility requirements.

Index Construction

Approaches

The index is based on modified market capitalization weighting and calculated by the divisor methodology used in Standard & Poor's equity indices.

Index Calculations

The initial divisor is set to have a base index value of 1000 on September 19, 2003. For an N stock index, the index value is simply the index market value divided by the index divisor.

$$\text{Index Value} = \frac{\text{Index Market Value}}{\text{Index Divisor}} \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Index Market Value} = \sum_{i=1}^N (\text{Index Shares})_i * (\text{Price})_i \quad (2)$$

The index does not have a fixed number of stocks, so N varies from time to time. At each rebalancing, Index Shares are set to equal each constituent's outstanding shares as of the reference date.

$$(\text{Index Shares})_{i, \text{ after rebalancing}} = \text{Modified Outstanding Shares}_i \quad (3)$$

Modified Outstanding Shares are the outstanding shares for the stock, except for certain large stocks where the outstanding shares are reduced so that their initial weight in the index falls below 10%. All other stock weights are increased proportionately.

At rebalancing, in order to maintain index series continuity, it is necessary to adjust the divisor.

$$(\text{Index Value})_{\text{ before rebalancing}} = (\text{Index Value})_{\text{ after rebalancing}} \quad (4)$$

Therefore,

$$(\text{Divisor})_{\text{ after rebalancing}} = \frac{(\text{Index Market Value})_{\text{ after rebalancing}}}{(\text{Index Value})_{\text{ before rebalancing}}} \quad (5)$$

Please refer to the S&P Index Mathematics document for more details. This index closely resembles the modified market capitalization weighted indices discussed in that document.

Index Maintenance

Rebalancing

Index membership is reviewed annually. Rebalancing occurs after the close on the fourth Friday of September. The reference date for additions and deletions is after the close of the last trading date of August.

Base Date

The indices base dates are September 19, 2003. The base value, for both the price return and total return series, on that date is 1000.

Historical daily returns are available beginning on September 19, 2003.

Corporate Actions

Corporate Action	Adjustment Made to the Index	Divisor Adjustment?
Shares called for cash or par value	If the issuer calls a constituent, it is removed from index after the close of the call date, or the first trading date of the call period, at the closing price. Note that the issuer may choose not to call, in which case no change is necessary.	Yes
Shares called for conversion or automatically converted	The constituent is removed from the index after the close of the conversion date, or the first trading date of the conversion period, at the closing price. If the issuer chooses not to invoke the right to convert and conversion is not automatic, no change is necessary.	Yes
Delisting from primary exchange	The constituent is removed at the closing price of the delisting date. (Occasionally, a constituent may be removed at zero price.)	Yes
Special cash distribution	The price of the stock making the special payment is reduced by the per share special payment amount after the close of trading on the day before the ex-date.	Yes
Rights offering on preferred share class	The price is adjusted to the Price of Parent shares minus (Price of Rights shares/Rights Ratio).	Yes

Corporate Actions (continued)

Corporate Action	Adjustment Made to the Index	Divisor Adjustment?
Preferred Stock Split	Index Shares are multiplied by and the price is divided by the split factor.	No
Issuance of additional shares for the preferred share class in the index	None. Shares are revised at the rebalancing.	No

Index Data

Total Return and Net Return Indices

The index has a total return counterpart, which assumes dividends are reinvested in the index after the close on the ex-date. On any given date t :

$$\text{Total Return Multiplier}_t = \frac{[\text{Index Value}_t + \text{Index Dividend Points}_t]}{\text{Index Value}_{t-1}} \quad (6)$$

$$\text{Total Return Index Value}_t = (\text{Total Return Index Value}_{t-1}) * (\text{Total Return Multiplier}_t) \quad (7)$$

$$\text{Index Dividend Points}_t = \sum_{i=1}^N (\text{Index Shares})_{i,t} * (\text{Ex - dividends})_{i,t} / \text{Divisor}_t \quad (8)$$

Index Governance

Index Committee

The U.S. Index Committee maintains Standard & Poor's U.S. indices. There are eight members of the committee; all are full-time professional members of Standard & Poor's staff. The Index Committee meets monthly. At each meeting, the Index Committee reviews pending corporate actions that may affect index constituents, statistics comparing the composition of the indices to the market, companies that are being considered as candidates for addition to an index, and any significant market events. In addition, the Index Committee may revise index policy covering rules for selecting companies, treatment of dividends, share counts or other matters.

Standard & Poor's considers information about changes to its U.S. indices and related matters to be potentially market moving and material. Therefore, all Index Committee discussions are confidential.

Index Policy

Announcements

Announcements of additions and deletions are made at 05:15 PM Eastern Time.

Holiday Schedule

The index is calculated when the U.S. equity markets are open.

A complete holiday schedule for the year is available on Standard & Poor's Web site at www.indices.standardandpoors.com.

Unscheduled Market Closures

In situations where an exchange is forced to close early due to unforeseen events, such as computer or electric power failures, weather conditions or other events, Standard & Poor's will calculate the closing price of the indices based on (1) the closing prices published by the exchange, or (2) if no closing price is available, the last regular trade reported for each stock before the exchange closed. In all cases, the prices will be from the primary exchange for each stock in the index. If an exchange fails to open due to unforeseen circumstances, the index will use the prior day's closing prices. If all exchanges fail to open, Standard & Poor's may determine not to publish the index for that day.

Index Dissemination

Index Alert

Complete data for index replication (including share counts, tickers and data on index levels and returns) are available through Standard & Poor's fee-based service, *Standard & Poor's Index Data Platform*.

Tickers

Index	Bloomberg
S&P U.S. Preferred Stock Index (Price Return)	SPPREF
S&P U.S. Preferred Stock Index (Total Return)	SPPREFTR

FTP

Daily stock level and index data is available via FTP on subscription.

For further information, please refer to Standard & Poor's Web site at www.indices.standardandpoors.com

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